Hall Ticket Number:

Code No.: 41526 S

## VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), HYDERABAD B.E. (IT) IV Year I-Semester Supplementary Examinations, May-2019

## **Artificial Intelligence**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer ALL questions in Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B

Part-A  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ 

1. What is a Turing Test?

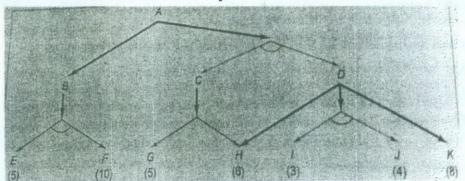
2. Find the Optimal Solution for Water Jug problem.

Water Jug problem: Mug A capacity is 5 Ltr. Mug B capacity is 3 Ltr.

Goal State

: Get 4 Ltr of water in 5Ltr Mug

- 3. Compare & Contrast "State space problem and 'Game problem'.
- 4. Following figure shows a partial AND-OR graph with static evaluation values shown along with leaf nodes. Which is the **best path** from the root node A?

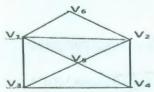


- 5. Draw an extended semantic network for "Rama gave the book to Sita".
- 6. Write a Prolog program to find the factorial of a number.
- 7. List the different phases in building an expert system.
- 8. Mention how Certainty Factor is calculated.
- 9. What is the drawback of a Single Layer Perceptron?
- 10. Define Gaussian function, clearly mentioning the terms that are involved in it.

Part-B (5  $\times$ 10 = 50 Marks) (All sub-questions carry equal marks)

(All sub-questions carry equal mo

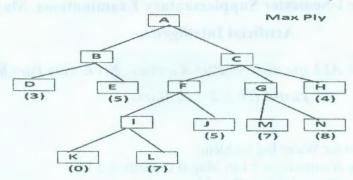
11.a) List the constraints of a Graph coloring problem.



Using these constraints to color the given Graph G.

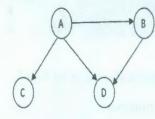
b) Draw the state space search for "Getting 90% marks in AI subject".

12.a) Apply α, β pruning on the following Game Tree where A is a Max Ply node:



- b) Translate the following sentences to Clause form in Predicative Logic
  - i) John likes all kinds of Food.
  - ii) Apples are food
  - iii) Chicken is food
  - iv) Anything anytime eats and is not killed by is food
  - v) Bill eats peanuts and is still alive
  - vi) Srinu eats everything Bill eats
- 13.a) Construct a consistent frame representation for "Vasavi College of Engineering".
  - b) Explain the general syntax of a Prolog Program.
- 14.a) Distinguish between Monotonic & Non-Monotonic TMS.
  - b) For the Bayesian Belief Network and the corresponding probabilities, generate the conditional probability table.

P(A)= 0.4P(B|A)0.5  $P(B|\sim A)$ 0.1 P(C|A)0.6  $P(C|\sim A)$ 0.3 P(D|A, B)0.8  $P(D|A, \sim B)$ = 0.3 $P(D \sim A, B)$ = 0.3 $P(D|\sim A, \sim B) = 0.05$ 



Compute the following probabilities:

- i. Joint probability P(A,B,C,D)
- ii. P(A|B,C)
- 15.a) What are the limitations of Single-layer Perceptron? Explain how to overcome them.
  - b) How is error computed in a Feed Forward Network? Explain.
- 16.a) What are the characteristics of a Problem? Explain.
  - b) Differentiate between A\* and AO\* algorithms.
- 17. Answer any two of the following:
  - a) Distinguish between Semantic Networks and Extended Semantic Networks, using appropriate examples.
  - b) Suppose by observing E<sub>1</sub> and E<sub>2</sub>, we confirm our belief in H with MB [H, E<sub>1</sub>]= 0.6 and MD[H, E<sub>1</sub>]= 0.2, MB[H, E<sub>2</sub>]= 0.3 and MD[H, E<sub>2</sub>]= 0.0. Then, compute the following:
    i) MB[H, E<sub>1</sub> and E<sub>2</sub>] ii) MD[H, E<sub>1</sub> and E<sub>2</sub>] iii) CF[H, E<sub>1</sub> and E<sub>2</sub>]
  - c) Build a Radial Basis Function Neural Network for XOR. Clearly show the weights that are associated in the network.